(19) World Intellectual Property Organization International Bureau



(43) International Publication Date 24 March 2005 (24.03.2005)

PCT

WO 2005/027231 A1

(51) International Patent Classification⁷: C09K 11/59 H01L 33/00,

TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW.

(84) Designated States (unless otherwise indicated, for every kind of regional protection available): ARIPO (BW, GH,

GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM),

European (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI,

SK, TR), OAPI (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CL, CM, GA, GN, GO,

(21) International Application Number: PCT/IB2004/051582

(22) International Filing Date: 27 August 2004 (27.08.2004)

(25) Filing Language:

English

(26) Publication Language:

English De

Declaration under Rule 4.17:

GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(30) Priority Data: 03103384.8 15 September 2003 (15.09.2003) EP

(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US); KONIN-KLIJKE PHILIPS ELECTRONICS N.V. [NL/NL]; Groenewoudseweg 1. NL-5621 BA Findhoven (NL).

(72) Inventor; and

(72) Inventor; and
(75) Inventor/Applicant (for US only): HILDENBRAND,
Volker, D. [DE/NL]; c/o Prof. Holstlaan 6, NL-5656 AA
Eindhoven (NL).

(74) Agent: BOSMA, Rudolphus, H., A.; Prof. Holstiaan 6, NL-5656 AA Eindhoven (NL).

(81) Designated States undest otherwise indicated, for every kind of pacinoal prosection consultable; A. B. A. S. A. A. A. M. A.T. A.U. A.Z. B.A. B.B. G. B.R. B.W. B.Y. B.Z. C.A. C.H. C.N. C.O., C.R. C.U. C.Z. D.R. D.K. D.M. D.Z. E.C. E.R. B.G. B.S. Pl. GB, GD, GB, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, ID, IS, JP, K.B. K.G. F.P. R.R. Z. L. C.J. K.J. L. S. I.T. L.U. I.Y. MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, CM, PG, PH, PL, F. RO, RU, S.C. S. D.S. S.G. S.K. S. S.Y. ST, YI, TI, M. as to applicant's entitlement to apply for and be granted a patent (Rule 4.17(ii)) for the following designations AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS. JP. KE. KG. KP. KR. KZ. LC. LK. LR. LS. LT. LU. LV. MA. MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM. ZW, ARIPO patent (BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE. IT, LU, MC. NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE. SN, TD, TG)

Published:

with international search report

before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of receipt of amendments

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

✓ (54) Title: WHITE LIGHT EMITTING LIGHTING SYSTEM



(57) Abstract: A white light emitting lighting system, comprising a blue or UV light emitting diods and a coating comprising a vallow luminescent phosphor having a pask emission wavelength greater than 550 nm, wherein the phosphor comprises a Sax-χz-Qa-Rag-Xo-Ok-Rag phosphor, and wherein Oz-z-c-006 and Ocf-3y-2c-0.5. If the diode is a UV light emitting diode the coating further comprises a blue luminescent phosphor.

WO 2005/027231 PCT/IB2004/051582

White light emitting lighting system

5

25

The invention relates to a white light emitting lighting system, comprising a blue or UV light emitting diode and a coating comprising a vellow luminescent phosphor.

Conventional LED lighting systems for producing white light typically comprise either LEDs or phosphor-LEDs. Lighting systems which use LEDs produce white light by combining various combinations of red, green, and blue LEDs. Phosphor-LED based lighting systems produce white light by using one or more various luminescent phosphor materials on top of a blue or UV light LED to convert a portion of the emitted blue or UV 10 light into light of a longer wavelength. If a blue light LED is used, the phosphor should emit vellow light to obtain white light. If a UV light LED is used, an additional phosphor should be applied which converts part of the UV light into blue light, for instance a BaMgAl₁₀O₁₇:Eu phosphor.

An advantage of using a UV light LED with blue and yellow luminescent phosphor as opposed to a blue light LED with yellow luminescent phosphor is, that the first is less vulnarable to colour variations caused by variations in the quantity of phosphor present in the LED.

In general it is easier to produce white light with phosphor-LED based lighting systems as compared with LED based lighting systems because phosphor-LEDs do not require mixing and have lower material costs (they are inherently mixed).

It is known to use a blue LED with the yellow emitting phosphor being a cerium doped yttrium aluminum garnet Y3Al5O12:Ce, also referred to as YAG:Ce.

The object of the invention is to provide an alternative yellow emitting phosphor to be used with blue or UV LEDs in order to obtain a white light LED, and which may have better colour or efficiency properties.

Thereto the invention provides a blue or UV light emitting diode and a coating comprising a yellow luminescent Sr2-x-y-zCavBazSiO4:Eux phosphor, and wherein 0<x<=0.06

WO 2005/027231 PCT/IB2004/051582

2

and 0<(3y+z)<0.5. Peferably 0<x<0.04, 0<yy<0.1 and/or 0<x<0.3. More preferably 0.01</td>

0.01
x<0.03, 0.01</td>
y<0.06 and/or 0.03</td>
z<0.05. Tests have shown that a strontium silicate phosphor containing small amounts of Ca, Ba and Eu emit at a peak emission wavelength greater than 550 nm (yellow), which makes such phosphor suitable for the desired purpose.</td>

According to the present invention the amount of Sr is predominant, resulting in a peak emission wavelength of greater than 550 nm (yellow), which makes it possible to mix it with blue light, and to obtain a white light composed of two color components only.

10

The advantages, nature, and various additional features of the invention will appear more fully upon consideration of the illustrative embodiments now to be described in detail in connection with accompanying drawing wherein:

Fig. 1 is a sectional view of a typical phosphor-LED used in the lighting system of the invention.

Fig. 2 is a graph showing the peak emission wavelengths of phosphor

It should be understood that the drawing is for purposes of illustrating the concepts of the invention and is not to scale.

20

examples.

According to Fig. 1 the lighting system of the invention generally comprises a phosphor-LED 14 consisting of a blue or UV LED and at least one phosphor which emits at certain light spectral wavelength (colour), to produce white light. The LED 14 is conventionally constructed using standard AlinGaN or AlinGaP processing and comprises a LED chip 15 mounted in a reflective metal dish or reflector 16 filled with a transparent epoxy 18. The epoxy 18 filling the reflector 16 contains grains 19 of one or more types of luminescent phosphor materials mixed homogeneously therein. The phosphor grains 19 convert a portion of the light emitted by the LED chip 15 to light of a different spectral wavelength.

Fig. 2 shows the peak emission wavelengths of five tested examples of phosphor materials of the type Sr_{2+y-y}Ca₂Ba₂SiO₄:Eu₄. According to the invention examples C, D and E can be used in combination with a blue light emitting diode, or alternatively with a UV light emitting diode and a blue luminescent phosphor, to produce white light.

WO 2005/027231 PCT/IB2004/051582

3

. While the foregoing invention has been described with reference to the above examples, various modifications and changes can be made without departing from the spirit of the invention. Accordingly, all such modifications and changes are considered to be within the scope of the appended claims.

WO 2005/027231 PCT/IB2004/051582

CLAIMS:

5

20

 A white light emitting lighting system, comprising a blue or UV light emitting diode and a coating comprising a yellow luminescent phosphor having a peak emission wavelength greater than 550 nm, wherein the phosphor comprises a Sr_{2*p-y}Ca_pBa_pSiO_x:Eu_x phosphor, and wherein 0-xx=0.06 and 0-x(3+y-x)=0.5.

2. The system according to claim 1, wherein 0<x<=0.04, preferably 0.01<=x<=0.03.

3. The system according to claim 1 or 2, wherein 0<y<=0.1, preferably $10 \quad 0.01 <=y<=0.06.$

4. The system according to claim 1, 2 or 3, wherein 0<=z<=0.3, preferably 0.03 <=z<=0.25.

15 The system according to any of the previous claims 1-4, wherein the phosphor further comprises a cerium doped yttrium aluminium garnet (YAG:Ce) phosphor.

The system according to any of the previous claims 1-5, wherein the diode is a
 UV light emitting diode, and the coating further comprises a blue luminescent phosphor.

7. The system according to claim 6, wherein the blue luminescent phosphor comprises a $BaMgAl_{10}O_{17}$:Eu phosphor.

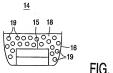
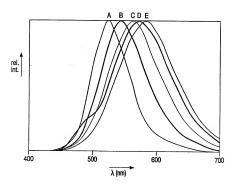


FIG. 1



A Sr. 98 BaSiO 4 : Eu. 02

A 3r. 98 Ba30 4 : Eu.02 B Sr₁.42 Ba. 55 SiO₄ : Eu.02 C Sr₁.73 Ba. 25 SiO₄ : Eu.02 D Sr₁.96 Ca. 02 SiO₄ : Eu.02 E Sr₁.92 Ca. 06 SiO₄ : Eu.02

FIG. 2

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

IB2004/051582

Relevant to claim No.

1-7

1-7

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 H01L33/00 C09K11/59

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

A

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7-C09K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included. In the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

GB 544 160 A (THE GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY

LIMITED: ALFRED HAMILTON MCKEAG; PETER WH)

US 2003/085853 A1 (SHIIKI MASATOSHI ET AL)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data, PAJ, CHEM ABS Data

Category * Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages

31 March 1942 (1942-03-31) page 3, column 2, line 73 - line 87; claims 1-5; tables I,II

8 May 2003 (2003-05-08)

	claims; tables 1,2		
A	DE 18 01 486 A1 (N.V.PHILIPS' GLOEILAMPENFABRIEKEN) 29 May 1969 (1969-05-29) claims 1-5		1–7
		-/	
χ Furti	her documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	X Patent family members are listed	in annex.
° Special ca	alegories of cited documents :	"T" later document published after the Inte	mational filing date
"A" docume	ant defining the general stale of the art which is not sered to be of particular relevance	or priority date and not in conflict with cited to understand the principle or th invention	the application but
"E" earlier o	document but published on or after the International	*X* document of particular relevance; the cannot be considered novel or canno	claimed Invention
"I " docume	ant which may threw doubts on priority claim(s) or is cited to establish the publication date of another	involve an inventive step when the do "Y" document of particular relevance; the	cument is taken alone
citation	n or other special reason (as specified) ent referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or	cannot be considered to involve an in document is combined with one or m	ventive step when the
other r	means ent published prior to the international filing date but	ments, such combination being obvio	us to a person skilled
later th	ant he priority date claimed	*&* document member of the same patent	family
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sea	rch report
1	8 February 2005	25/02/2005	
Name and	malling address of the ISA	Authorized officer	
	European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Lehnert, A	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

IB2004/051582

Category *	ation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT	 Pelessation 1 to 11
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	 Relevant to claim No.
A	PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN vol. 2003, no. 03, 5 May 2003 (2003-05-05) & JP 2002 332481 A (SUMITOMO CHEM CO LTD), 22 November 2002 (2002-11-22) abstract	1-7
		14
	210 (confination of second sheet) (January 2004)	

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Patent document cited in search report			Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date	
GB	544160	Α	31-03-1942	NONE			
US	2003085853	A1	08-05-2003	JP JP JP CN	2003132803 2003142005 2003142004 1417831	A	09-05-2003 16-05-2003 16-05-2003 14-05-2003
DE	1801486	A1	29-05-1969	NL AT BE FR GB JP SE	6714518 279736 722851 1603626 1205319 48037715 332675	B A A A B	29-04-1969 10-03-1970 24-04-1966 10-05-1971 16-09-1970 13-11-1970
JP	2002332481	Α	22-11-2002	CN EP US	1345908 1193306 2002038861	A2	24-04-2002 03-04-2002 04-04-2002